


<b>Comunitat Autònoma / Departament / Estat</b>	LAIGHIN / LEINSTER
<b>Municipi</b>	BAILE ÁTHA CLIATH / DUBLIN
<b>Edifici</b>	Ard-Mhúsaem na hÉireann / National Museum of Ireland
<b>Direcció</b>	
<b>Localització</b>	
<b>Nom</b>	<b>Bell of Seagoe</b>
<b>Mesures (cm)</b>	Diàmetre (en cm) 0   Vora   Altura del bronze   Pes kg
<b>Fonedor</b>	
<b>Any fosa</b>	900ca
	
<b>Descripció</b>	<p>The Bell of Seagoe, one of four names attributed to the above bell. The inscription in Irish assists in approximating the age of the bell, and to speculate on the background of its keepers. The inscription, 'Oroit ar Chumascach m Ailello' - A prayer for Commascach son of Ailill. The death of this Cumascach, the Economist of the Cathedral of Armagh, is recorded in the Annala Rioghachta Eireann at the year 904, which might infer that the bell is eleven hundred years old this year. Cumascach's mother, Gormlaith, was a daughter of Murdach, King of Ulster. The Bell of Seagoe was kept in the parish for approximately one hundred years, 1730-1830, and is now on display in the National Museum of Ireland, Dublin, alongside the Bell of Saint Patrick.</p>
<b>Tocs</b>	
<b>Conservació, manteniment</b>	
<b>Protecció</b>	
<b>Propostes</b>	
<b>Autors de la documentació</b>	
<b>Data</b>	

Fitxa completa de la campana: [Bell of Seagoe Ard-Mhúsaem na hÉireann / National Museum of Ireland - BAILE ÁTHA CLIATH / DUBLIN](#)